AGRICULTURE OPTIONAL IFOS TEST SCHEDULE 2024



Features:

- Consistently producing UPSC Toppers with Agriculture Optional for the last 9 years.
- Carefully designed test schedule to achieve 270+ in the Optional paper.
- There will be total 13 Tests divided into (4 Sectional test and 4 Full Syllabus Tests)
- More than 75% of the questions reflected in IFoS 2023.
- All the test papers are equivalent with the UPSC Mains exam pattern
- Detailed Answers for all questions and Model Answers of Faculty will be provided
- **Toppers' Answer copy** will be shared in the test batch telegram channel.
- One-on-one feedback with Faculty
- Fee Rs.7,000 for New Students. Rs.6,500 for Old Students.

Test Schedule

Test No	Date	Detailed Syllabus	Reference Books
1.	13.10.2024	 Ecology and its relevance to man, natural resources, their sustainable management and conservation. Physical and social environment as factors of crop distribution and production. Agro ecology; cropping pattern as indicators of environments. Environmental pollution and associated hazards to crops, animals and humans. Climate change—International conventions and global initiatives. Green house effect and global warming. Advance tools for ecosystem analysis—Remote Sensing (RS) and Geographic Information Systems (GIS). 	AgricultureOptionalMaterialbyR.KanagarajbrOr0r•EcologyandEnvironment-P.D.Sharma0•NCERT - 12 th BiologyChapter Ecology0
		 Cropping System Cropping patterns in different agro-climatic zones of the country. 	 Agritech portal by TNAU Principles of Agronomy Yellamandha Reddy

- Impact of high-yielding and short duration varieties on shifts in cropping patterns.
- Concepts of various cropping, and farming systems.
- Organic and Precision farming.
- Package of practices for production of important cereals, pulses, oil seeds, fibres, sugar, commercial and fodder crops.

Forestry

- Important features and scope of various types of forestry plantations such as social forestry, agroforestry, and natural forests.
- Propagation of forest plants.
- Forest products.
- Agroforestry and value addition.
- Conservation of forest flora and fauna.

Weed Science

- Weeds, their characteristics, dissemination and association with various crops; their multiplications;
- Cultural, biological, and chemical control of weeds.

Irrigation Management

• Water-use efficiency in relation to crop production,

		 Criteria for scheduling irrigations, 		
		• Ways and means of reducing run-off losses of irrigation		
		water.		
		Rainwater harvesting.		
		 Drip and sprinkler irrigation. 		
		 Drainage of water-logged soils, 		
		 Quality of irrigation water, 		
		 Effect of industrial effluents on soil and water pollution. 		
		 Irrigation projects in India. 		
2.	20.10.2024	Cell Biology, Genetics and Plant Biotechnology		Agriculture Optional
		Cell structure, function and cell cycle.		Material by
		• Synthesis, structure and function of genetic material.		R.Kanagaraj
		 Laws of heredity. 		
		 Chromosome structure, chromosomal aberrations. 		Or
		 Linkage and cross-over, and their significance in 		
		recombination breeding.	1	Fundamentals of
				Genetics – B.D. Singh
		 Polyploidy, euploids and aneuploids. 	•	Plant Breeding
		 Mutation and their role in crop improvement. 		Principles and Methods
		Mutation and their role in crop improvement.Heritability, sterility and incompatibility, classification and		Principles and Methods - B.D.Singh

- Sex-linked, sex-influenced and sex-limited characters.
- Role of genetic engineering and biotechnology in crop improvement Genetically modified crop plants.

Plant Breeding

- History of plant breeding.
- Modes of reproduction,
- Selfing and crossing techniques.
- Origin, evolution and domestication of crop plants,
- Centre of origin, law of homologous series,
- Crop genetic resources conservation and utilization.
- Application of principles of plant breeding, improvement of crop plants.
- Molecular markers and their application in plant improvement.
- Pure-line selection, pedigree, mass and recurrent selections,
- Combining ability, its significance in plant breeding.
- Heterosis and its exploitation.
- Somatic hybridization.
- Breeding for disease and pest resistance.
- Role of interspecific and intergeneric hybridization

Seed Technology

- Seed production and processing technologies.
- Seed certification, Seed testing and storage.
- DNA finger printing and seed registration.
- Role of public and private sectors in seed production, and marketing.
- Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) issues
- WTO issues and its impact on Agriculture.

3.	27.10.2024	Soil Science	Agriculture	Optional
			Material	by
		 Soil—physical, chemical and biological properties. 	R.Kanagaraj	
		 Processes and factors of soil formation. 	Or	
		Soils of India.	Principles of	
		 Mineral and organic constituents of soils and their role in 	Agronomy –	
		maintaining soil productivity	Yellamandha	Reddy
		Nutrient Management	• Introducto	ry Soil
		 Essential plant nutrients and other beneficial elements in 	Science – Dil	ip Kumar
		soils and plants.	Das	
			Economics of	Farm
		recommendations.	Production ar	nd

Integrated nutrient management

Biofertilizers

- Losses of nitrogen in soil, nitrogen-use efficiency in submerged rice soils, nitrogen fixation in soils.
- Efficient phosphoruse and potassium use.
- Problem soils and their reclamation.
- Soil factors affecting green house gas emission.

Soil and Water Conservation and Dryland Agriculture

- Soil conservation, integrated watershed management.
- Soil erosion and its management.
- Dry land agriculture and its problems.
- Technology for stabilising agriculture production in rainfed areas.

Farm Management

- Farm management, scope, importance and characteristics,
- Farm planning. Optimum resource use and budgeting.
- Economics of different types of farming systems.
- Marketing management strategies for development,
- Market intelligence.
- Price fluctuations and their cost;
- Role of co-operatives in agricultural economy;

Management – VT Raju

Hand Book of
 Agricultural Extension
 – ICAR

	 Types and systems of farming and factors affecting them. Agricultural price policy. Crop Insurance. Agricultural Extension Agricultural extension, its importance and role, Methods of evaluation of extension programmes, Socio-economic survey and status of big, small and marginal farmers and landless agricultural labourers; Training programmes for extension workers. Role of Krishi Vigyan Kendra's (KVK) in dissemination of Agricultural technologies. Non-Government Organisation (NGO) and self-help group approach for rural development. 	
4. 03.11.2024	 Plant Physiology Principles of Plant Physiology with reference to plant nutrition, absorption, translocation and metabolism of nutrients. Soil-water-plant relationship. Enzymes and plant pigments; Photosynthesis—modern concepts and factors affecting the 	AgricultureOptionalMaterialbyR.KanagarajbOrbFundamentalsof PlantPhysiology – V.K.Jain

process,

Λ

- Aerobic and anaerobic respiration;
- C3, C4 and CAM mechanisms.
- Carbohydrate, protein and fat metabolism.
- Growth development; photoperiodism and vernalization.
- Plant growth substances and their role in crop production.
 Plant Pathology
- Physiology of seed development and germination; dormancy.
- Stress physiology—drought, salt and water stress.

Entomology and Pathology

- Diagnosis of pests and diseases of field crops, vegetables,
 ICAR E-courses orchard and plantation crops and their economic importance.
- Classification of pests and diseases and their management.
- Integrated pest and diseases management.
- Storage pests and their management.
- Biological control of pests and diseases.
- Epidemiology and forecasting of major crop pests and diseases.
- Plant quarantine measures.

Pesticides, their formulation and modes of action.

- Introduction to Horticulture N.Kumar
- Book Hand of and • Horticulture - ICAR
 - R.S.Mehrotra
 - Elements of Economic Entomology Vasantharaj David
 - Agriculture website Agritech Portal by

TNAU

Horticulture

- Major fruits, plantation crops, vegetables, spices and flower crops.
- Package practices of major horticultural crops.
- Protected cultivation and high tech horticulture.
- Post-harvest technology and value addition of fruits and vegetables.
- Landscaping and commercial floriculture.
- Medicinal and aromatic plants.
- Role of fruits and vegetables in human nutrition.

Food Security

Food production and consumption trends in India. Food security and growing population – vision 2020. Reasons for grain surplus. National and international food policies. Production, procurement, distribution constraints. Availability of food grains, per capita expenditure on food. Trends in poverty, Public Distribution System and Below Poverty Line population, Targeted Public Distribution System (PDS), policy implementation in context to globalization. Processing constraints. Relation of food production to National Dietary Guidelines and food consumption pattern. Food based dietary approaches to eliminate hunger. Nutrient deficiency – Micronutrient deficiency: Protein Energy Malnutrition or Protein Calorie Malnutrition (PEM or PCM), Micro nutrient deficiency and HRD in context of work capacity of women and children. Food grain productivity and food security.

05.	10.11.2024	Full Mock Test-I	
		Fore Noon - Paper I	
		After Noon – Paper II	
06.	17.11.2024	Full Mock Test-II	
		Fore Noon - Paper I	
		After Noon – Paper II	